

**Campground and Manufactured Home Park Regulations Bylaws** 

Planning & Development Committee
October 19, 2023



### **Statutory Authority:**

Section 506 of the *Local Government Act*, the Board may, by bylaw, require that the following be constructed in accordance with established standards:

- a water distribution system,
- a fire hydrant system,
- a sewage collection system, or
- a sewage disposal system.





### **Background:**

At its meeting of September 19, 2002, the Board adopted the current Subdivision Servicing Bylaw No. 2000. This bylaw establishes, amongst other things, design standards for the following:

- a water distribution system;
- a fire hydrant system;

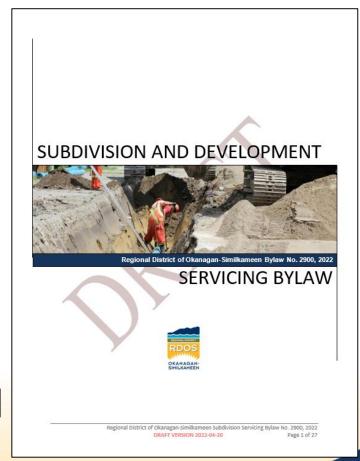
- a sewage collection system; or
- a sewage disposal system.





### **Subdivision Servicing Bylaw Review**

- Project has been on-going for many years;
- Draft Water & Sewer Schedules are nearing completion;
- Opportunity to incorporate the following bylaws into this Review:
  - Manufactured Home Park Regs Bylaw; and
  - Campground Regulations Bylaw.





# Campground Regulations Bylaw



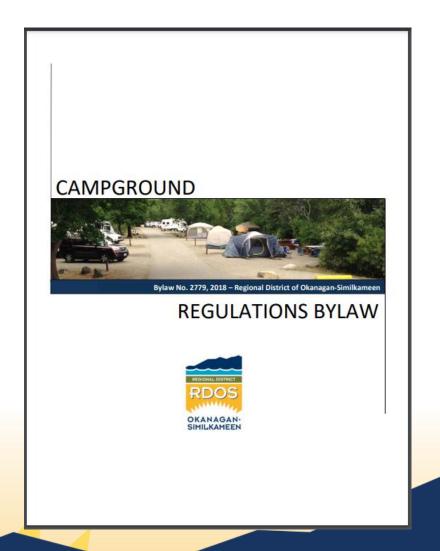
### **Statutory Authority:**

- Under Section 298 of the Local Government Act, the Board may, by bylaw, regulate the construction and layout of manufactured home parks and camping grounds and require that these provide <u>facilities</u> specified in the bylaw.
- "Facilities" are generally understood to be basic infrastructure such as water and sewer.
- However, bylaws also tend to deal with other considerations.





- Original Campground and Mobile Home Park Bylaw adopted in 1982.
- Bylaw is based on a template created by the province in the 1970s and provided to local governments.
- The "Design Standards" contained in the bylaw include utilities, landscaping, driveways and parking, etc.





- Elements of the bylaw are seen to be overly prescriptive and impose requirements that the Regional District does not require of other similar uses:
  - > number of toilets, showers, urinals
  - number of washing/drying appliances
  - distance to amenities



Number of Camping Spaces	Toilets		Urinals	Washbasins		Showers	
	Male	Female	Male	Male	Female	Male	Female
1 – 15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16 – 30	1	2	1	2	2	1	1
31 – 45	2	2	1	3	3	1	1
46 – 60	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
61 – 80	3	4	2	4	4	2	2
81 - 100	3	4	2	4	4	3	3
101 - 130	4	5	3	5	5	4	4
131 – 150	5	6	3	5	5	5	5



- Elements of the bylaw are seen to be overly vague and do not provide sufficient direction on how to meet Regional District requirements:
  - > the owner shall dispose or arrange for disposal of garbage.
  - garbage containers shall be provided in "ample number".
  - RV sewage disposal stations shall be located in an area where an RV may be "easily and conveniently moved".



- Other elements of the bylaw are merely pointing to the need to comply with senior level government legislation:
  - Sewerage System Regulation (Public Health Act);
  - Municipal Wastewater Regulation (Environmental Management Act);
  - Drinking Water Protection Act; or
  - Designed "in accordance with relevant provincial guidelines."



- Finally, other elements of the bylaw may be able to be better addressed through other bylaws (i.e. zoning or servicing):
  - mandating community water and sewer connections (zoning);
  - vehicle parking & access (zoning);
  - > amenity and recreation areas (zoning); and
  - > internal driveways /driveways (zoning/servicing).



#### Recent Campground Permits (2019-23) related to existing operations



Gallagher Lake



Twin Lakes



Secrest Hill



#### **Options:**

- 1. Repeal the Campground Regulations Bylaw:
  - > Would remove the requirement for a Campground Permit.
  - > Option to retain some standards within the zoning/subdivision servicing bylaws.
- 2. Amend the Campground Regulations Bylaw:
  - > Maintains the requirement for a Campground Permit.
  - > Provides for review mechanism for select standards.
- 3. Status Quo



#### **Recommendation:**

Repeal the Campground Regulations Bylaw with new the Subdivision Servicing Bylaw, and:

- Require that campgrounds be connected to community water and sewer systems (zoning); and
- Require that a second access from a public highway, separated by at least 50.0 metres from the first access be provided to each campground use containing greater than 50 camping spaces (zoning).



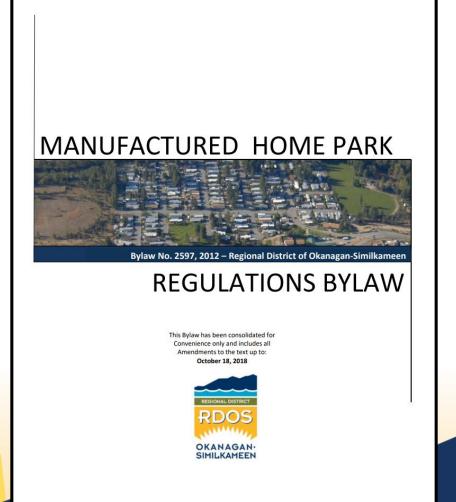
# **QUESTIONS?**



# Manufactured Home Park (MHP) Regulations Bylaw



- Original Campsite and Mobile Home Park Bylaw adopted in 1982.
- Bylaw reviewed in 2012 following a review of the manufactured home park (RSM) zones.
- Similar to the Campgrounds Bylaw, a MHP Permit is required to confirm compliance with established facility standards





- Elements of the bylaw are seen to be overly prescriptive and impose requirements that the Regional District does not require of other similar uses:
  - Marking of MH spaces;
  - Maximum number of unoccupied MHs;
  - Design of recreation areas;
  - Minimum speed for road design



- Elements of the bylaw are seen to be overly vague and do not provide sufficient direction on how to meet Regional District requirements:
  - Management of individual spaces;
  - Design, management and siting of pedestrian walkways;
  - Garbage disposal and container design, maintenance and siting

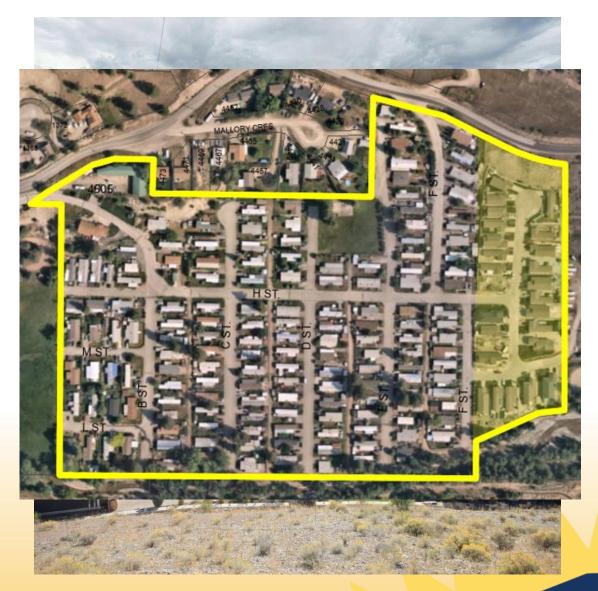


- Other elements of the bylaw are merely pointing to the need to comply with senior level government legislation or separate regulatory standard:
  - BC Building Code, BC Plumbing Code, Canadian Standards Association
  - > Fire Services Act and Gas Act
  - Designed "in accordance with good engineering practice."



- Finally, other elements of the bylaw may be able to be better addressed through other bylaws (i.e. zoning or servicing):
  - community water and sewer connections (zoning);
  - sewer and water system designs (servicing);
  - fire hydrants (servicing);
  - amenity and recreation areas (zoning); and
  - > internal "roadways" and access (zoning/servicing).





### Internal "Roadways":

- Bylaw sets out access and minimum roadway width and grading requirements
  - Addresses health and safety concerns relating to access
  - Mitigates issues which could come with potential size/density of MHPs





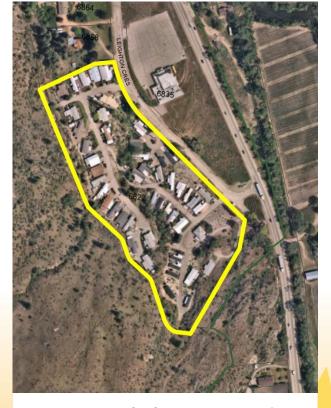
- Only permitted within the Low Density Residential Manufactured Home Park (RSM1) Zone
- 12 existing RSM1 parcels
  - 11 of which are generally considered to be nonconforming



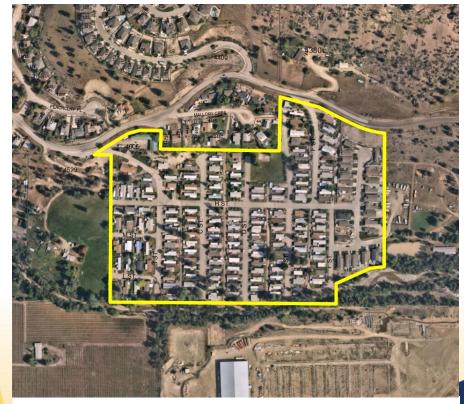
### Previous MHP Permits (2014-2018) related to existing operations



Gallagher Lake

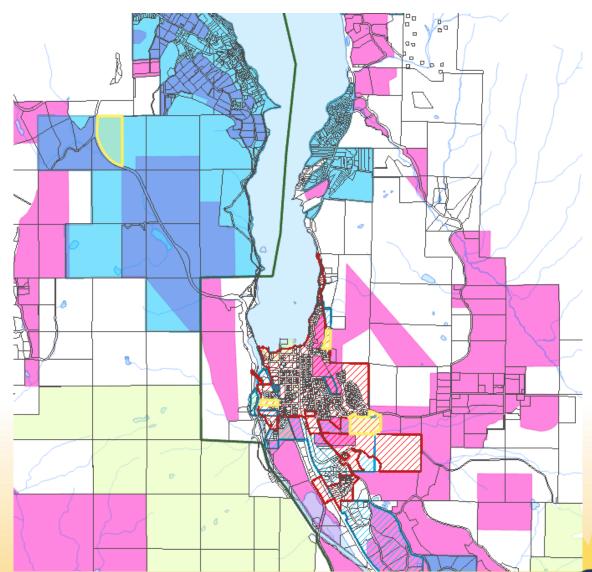


Tumbleweed



**Peach Cliff Estates** 





- Three parcels (23%) are within the ALR
- Four (31%) are wholly or partially within community sewer areas
- Five (38%) are within community water service areas



### **Options:**

- 1. Repeal the MHP Regulations Bylaw
  - Would remove the requirement for a MHP Permit
  - Option to retain some standards within the zoning/subdivision servicing bylaws
- 2. Amend the MHP Regulations Bylaw
  - ➤ Maintains the requirement for a MHP Permit
  - Provides for review mechanism for select standards
- 3. Status Quo



#### **Recommendation:**

Repeal the MHP Regulations Bylaw with new the Subdivision Servicing Bylaw, and:

- Require MHPs be connected to community water and sewer systems
- Require that a second access from a public highway, separated by at least 60.0 metres from the first access, be provided to each MHP use containing greater than 50 homes
- Require internal access "roadway" specifications, such as minimum widths, cul-de-sac turning radius, grade and length



# **QUESTIONS?**