

Electoral Area "G" OCP Project Citizen's Advisory Committee Meeting No. 7 (Jan. 24, 2022) Draft Land Use Map



Meeting Agenda:

Draft Electoral Area "G" Land Use Map:

- How was it created and why it is important for the OCP;
- Overview of how an OCP Land Use Map is used:
 - Subdivision Applications
 - > ALC Referrals
 - > Crown land referrals



- RDOS has adopted 7 electoral area OCP Bylaws;
- The review of these bylaws is based on a schedule adopted by the RDOS Board:

OCP Review Schedule		
Electoral Area	Projected Review Period	
"A"	2019-2021	
"C"	2022-2023	
"E"	2024-2025	
"H"	2026-2027	
"D"	2028-2029	
"I"	2030-2031	
"F"	2032-2033	



- In 2020 the Board resolved to support the creation of an OCP for Area "G";
- Funding for the project was introduced into the 2020 Budget to allow for the engagement of consultants to assist with the project:

Proposed OPC Review Schedule		
Electoral Area	Projected Review Period	
"A"	2019-2021	
"G"	2022-2023	
"C"	2024-2025	
"E"	2026-2027	
"H"	2028-2029	
"D"	2030-2031	
"I"	2032-2033	
"F"	2034-2035	



Project Background:

- 2020 RDOS Budget adopted end of March 2020.
- A "Request for Proposals" (RFP) for the Area "G" OCP Project was released on June 5, 2020.
- RFP requested submissions from consulting teams with proven experience in rural land use planning and OCP drafting.



REGIONAL DISTRICT OF OKANAGAN-SIMILKAMEEN

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS

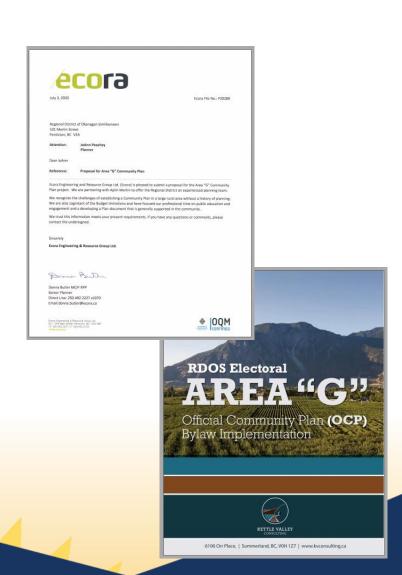
for the

Electoral Area "G"
Official Community Plan (OCP) Bylaw
Implementation

June 5, 2020



- Two (2) submissions were received in response to the RFP.
- Considered to be a "poor" response rate. Expected 10-15 submissions.
- The RDOS uses an "Evaluation Matrix" to assess the received RFPs and determined that these did not meet the project's requirements.



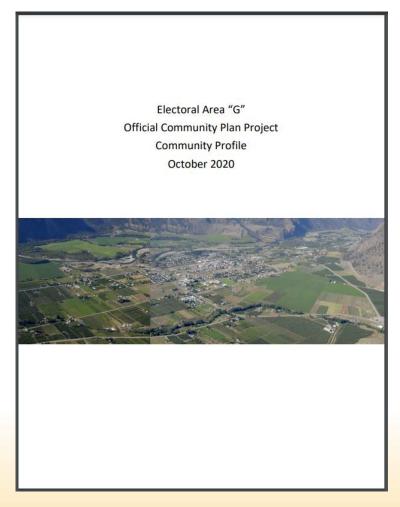


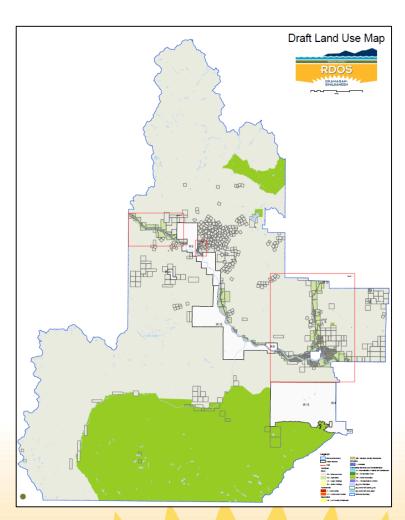
- RDOS staff conducted a review of the RFP and required deliverables for the project (i.e. what went wrong?):
 - > absence of an existing OCP Bylaw and typical land use planning information for the electoral area;
 - Project budget based on review of existing OCP Bylaws, not drafting of a new OCP bylaw.

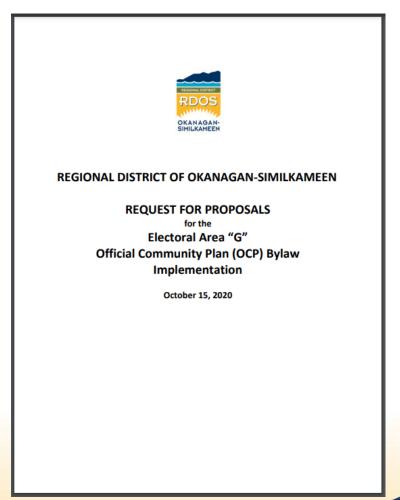


- Staff Response; revise the scope of the project to make it more appealing given available budget:
 - A "Community Profile" of Area "G" was prepared by Planning staff;
 - A "Land Use Map" of the Electoral Area was prepared by Planning and Information Services (IS) staff;
 - Project mapping to be completed in-house (IS staff) thereby removing a cost to consulting teams.









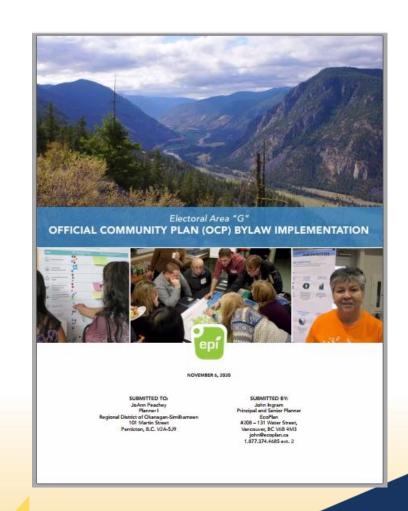
Community Profile

Land Use Map

2nd REP



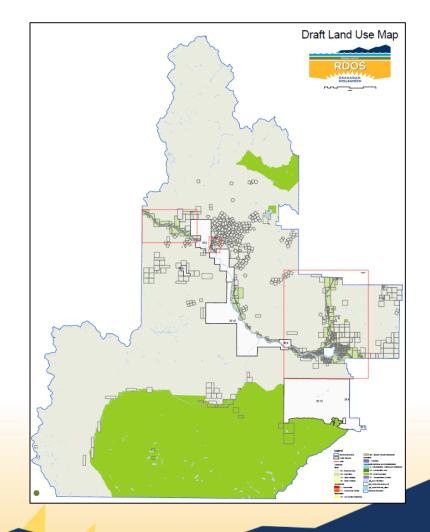
- One (1) submission received in response to the 2nd RFP (EcoPlan).
- Considered to be another "poor" response rate.
- Decision is made to proceed with awarding of contract due to elapsed time, budget limitations and uncertainty regarding merits of a 3rd RFP process.





Land Use Map Overview:

- Created using available data as well as a "desktop analysis" by staff:
 - BC Assessment classification date
 (i.e. residential, farm, business, etc.)
 - Crown land data;
 - Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR);
 - Provincial Parks boundaries;
 - First Nations reserve boundaries.

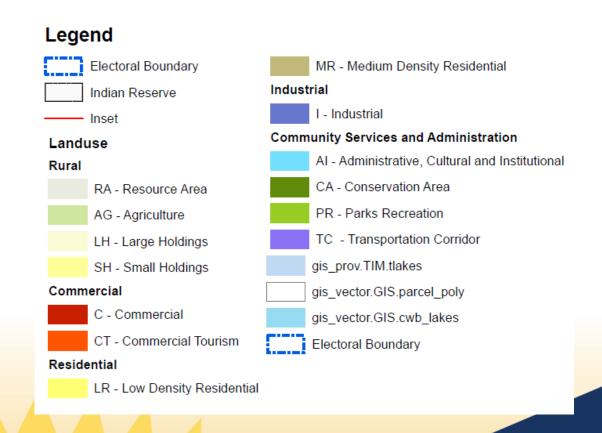




Land Use Map Overview:

Land Use Classifications used by staff are typical of those found in the other Electoral Area OCP Bylaws and include:

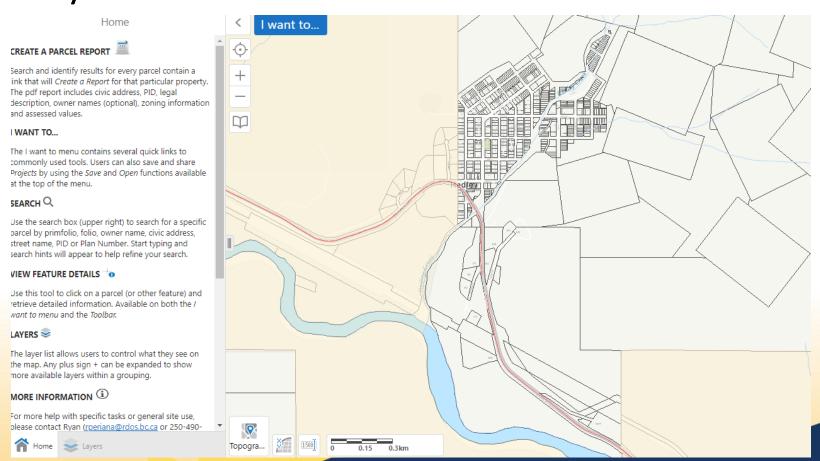
- Resource Area;
- Agriculture
- Low Density Residential;
- Commercial; and
- Parks, etc.



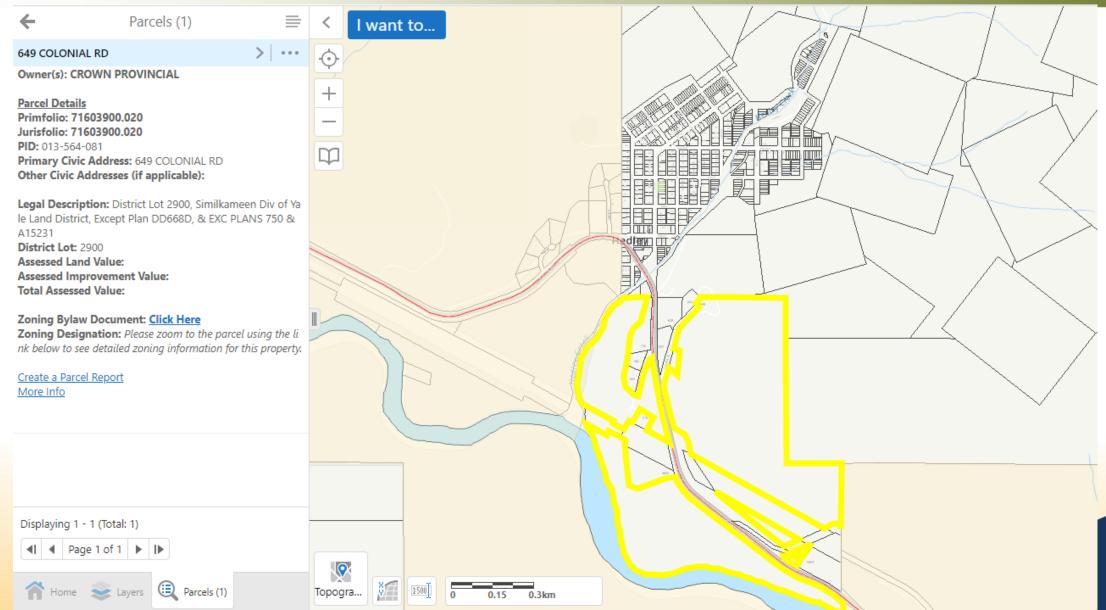


Land Use Map Overview:

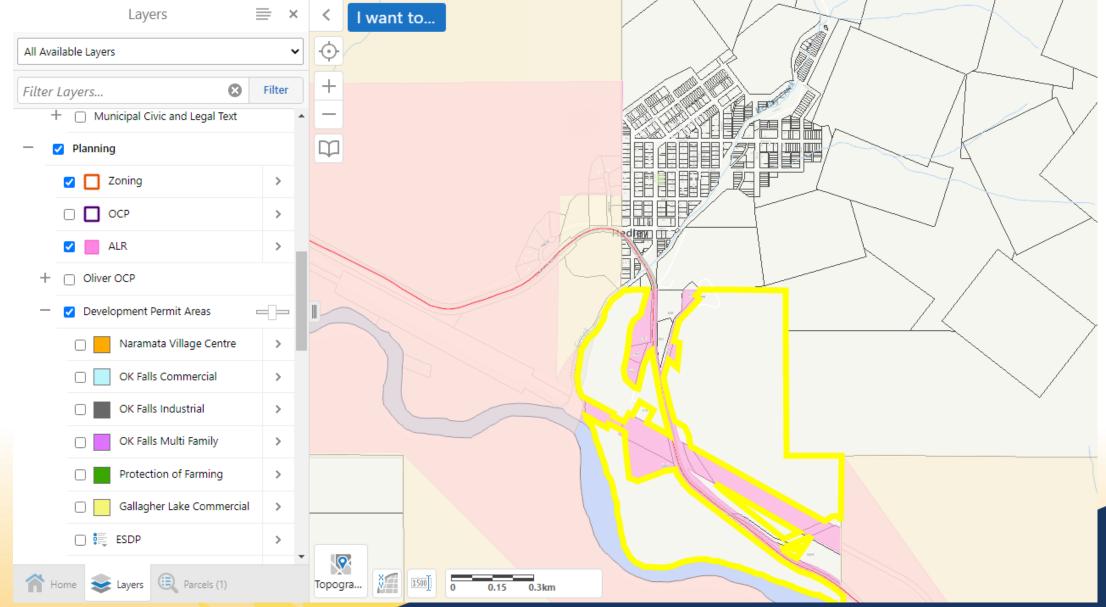
"Desktop Analysis"







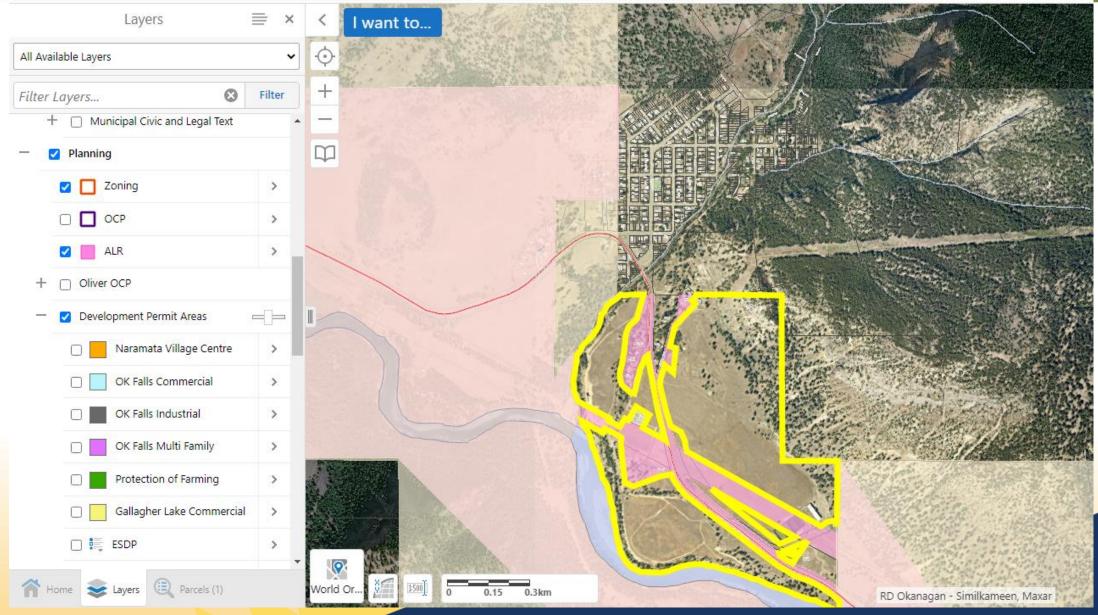




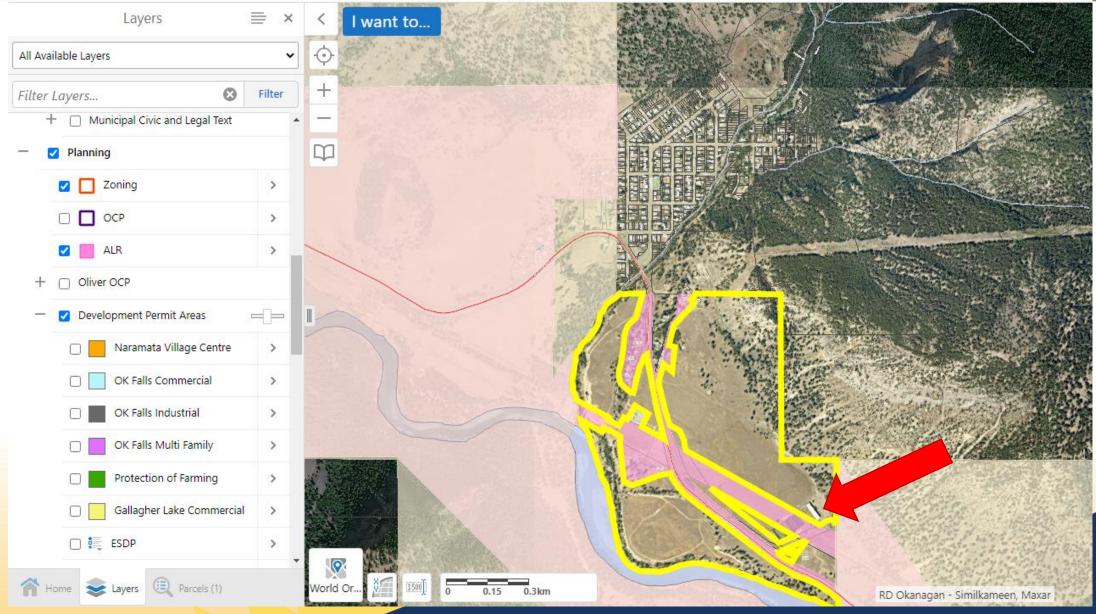


Date Loaded:January 2	23, 2022	Information dis	played within is	from BCAA or RDOS Data.	
Jurisdiction:	Folio: 03900.02	0 (No Folio Teamsite Exists)	Elect. Area: G	PID: 013-564-081	
Legal: District Lot 290	0, Land District Similkamee	n Div of Yale			
District Est Est	o, Earla Diotrot Orininario				
Civic 1: 649 COLONIAL			Civic 3:		
Civic 4:	Civic 5:				
All Owners 911 Other	Tax Roll Building Permits	Devel, Permits Finance Enfo	rcement		
		Parcel Information			
School District	Appx. Area m ²	Property Clas	s	Property Class Cd	
53	569865	Residential		01	
		Land Value Information			
Gross Land Value	Net Land Value	Gross Improvemen	t Value	Net Improvement Value	
100	Net Land Value	0	it value	Net improvement value	
100		ļ*	L		
		Zoning Information			
No zoning information for this parcel					
Legal Plans					
(Not an inclusive list. Title search still required.) No plan for number available for this record.					
No plan for number available for this record.					
GeoTech Report					
No GeoTech report for this record.					





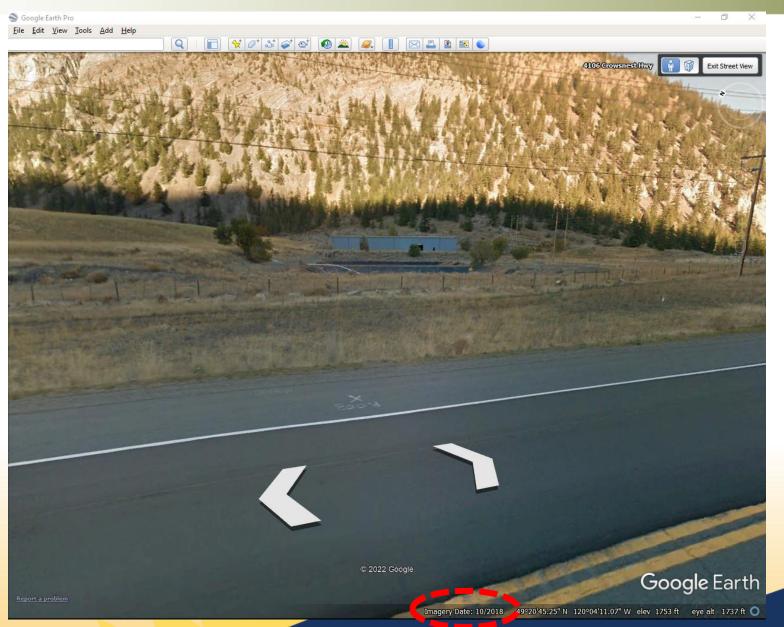










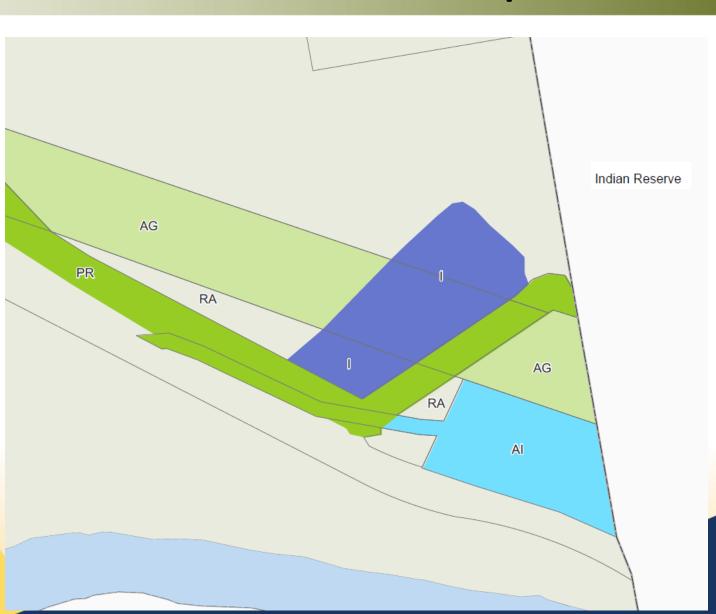








Legend Electoral Boundary MR - Medium Density Residential Industrial Indian Reserve l - Industrial Inset Community Services and Administration Landuse AI - Administrative, Cultural and Institutional Rural CA - Conservation Area RA - Resource Area PR - Parks Recreation AG - Agriculture TC - Transportation Corridor LH - Large Holdings gis prov.TIM.tlakes SH - Small Holdings Commercial gis_vector.GIS.parcel_poly C - Commercial gis_vector.GIS.cwb_lakes CT - Commercial Tourism Electoral Boundary Residential LR - Low Density Residential

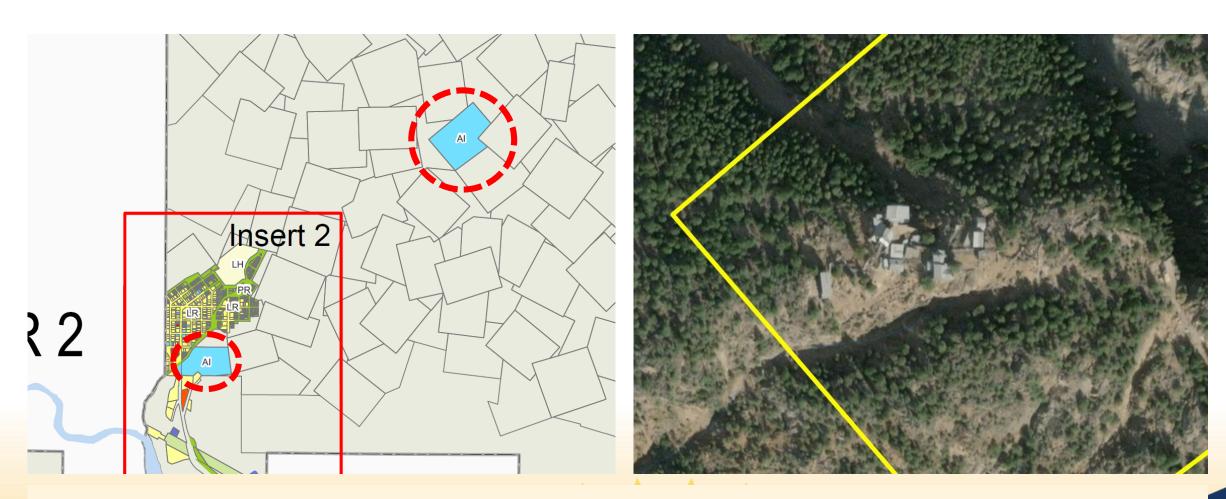






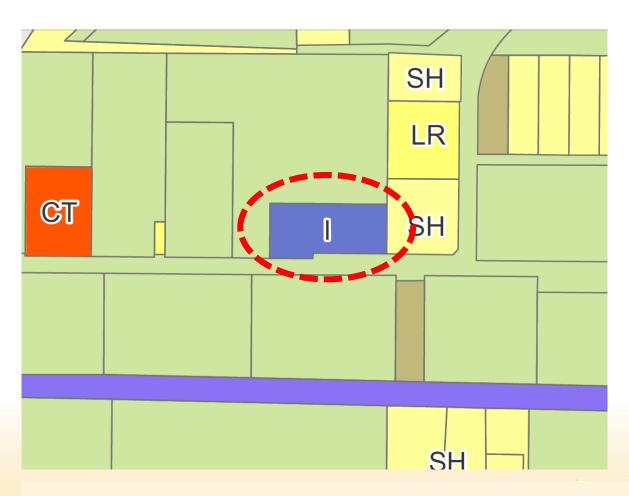
Crown Land in Hedley Unsuitable for Development (Hazard) - Park





Mascot Mine Site – Administrative & Institutional (AI)









Fruit Packing Facility and Retail – Industrial (I)





Private vs. Crown land – Conservation Area (CA)



Meeting Agenda:

Draft Electoral Area "G" Land Use Map:

- How was it created and why it is important for the OCP;
- Overview of how an OCP Land Use Map is used:



- Subdivision Applications
- > ALC Referrals
- > Crown land referrals
- Feedback on draft land use map*.



Local Government Act

Section 473 (Content and process requirements):

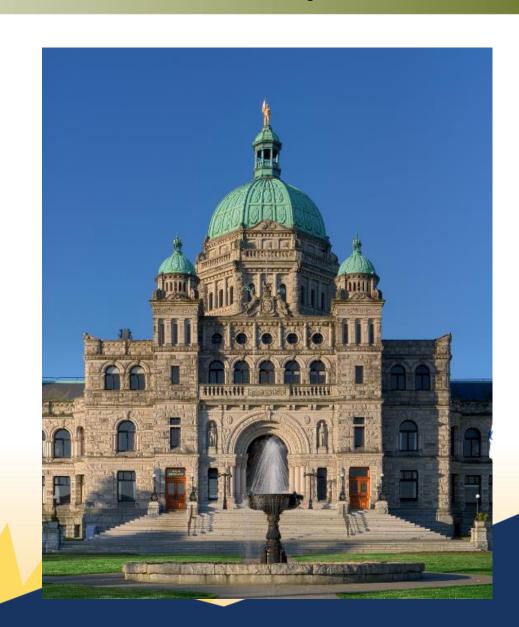
An official community plan <u>must</u> include statements <u>and map</u> <u>designations</u> [emphasis added] for the area covered by the plan respecting the following ...



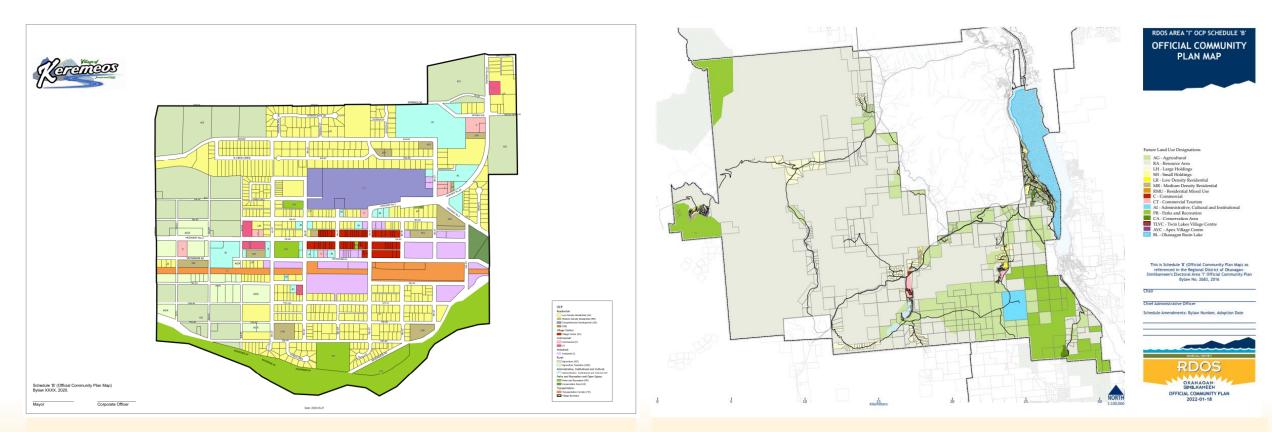


Local Government Act

- Residential land supply (5 years), including affordable, rental and special needs housing;
- Commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational and utility uses;
- Sand and gravel resources;
- Hazard and environmental lands;
- Infrastructure (water & sewer).







Village of Keremeos OCP Map

Electoral Area "I" OCP Map



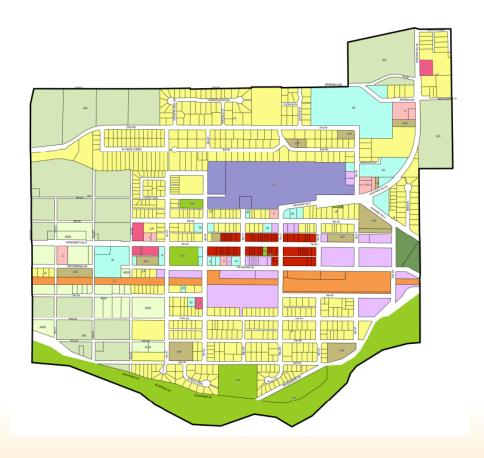
Village of Keremeos

Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 850

Table of Contents

SCHEDULE 'A'				
1.0	INTERPRETATION AND ADMINISTRATION			
2.0	INTRODUCTION			
3.0	COMMUNITY PROFILE			
4.0	VISION & COMMUNITY GOALS			
5.0	GROWTH MANAGEMENT			
6.0	OFFICIAL COMMUNITY PLAN MAP DESIGNATIONS21			
7.0	RESIDENTIAL			
8.0	VILLAGE CENTRE			
9.0	COMMERCIAL			
10.0	INDUSTRIAL			
11.0	AGRICULTURE			
12.0	ADMINISTRATIVE, INSTITUTIONAL AND CULTURAL			
13.0	PARKS, RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE43			
14.0	ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION			
15.0	HAZARD LANDS			
16.0	TRANSPORTATION			
17.0	INFRASTRUCTURE AND SERVICING55			
18.0	CLIMATE CHANGE			
19.0	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT			
20.0	TEMPORARY USE PERMITS			
21.0	DEVELOPMENT PERMIT AREAS			
22.0	IMPLEMENTATION			

Legend Residential: Low Density Residential (LR) Medium Density Residential (MR) Comprehensive Development (CD) Village Centre: Village Centre (VC) Commercial: Commercial (C) Tourist Commercial (CT) Industrial: Industrial (I) Rural: Agriculture (AG) Agriculture Transition (AGX) Administrative, Institutional and Cultural: Administrative, Institutional and Cultural (AI) Parks and Recreation and Open Space: Parks and Recreation (PR) Conservation Area (CA) Transportation: Transportation Corridor (TC)





Local Government Act

- Once an OCP Bylaw is adopted, all other bylaws or works undertaken by a council or board <u>must</u> be consistent with the Plan.
- Known as "consistency rule", and has implications for how an OCP map is structured (i.e. future vs. current land uses).





Meeting Agenda:

Overview of how an OCP Land Use Map is used:

- 1. Subdivision Applications
- 2. ALC Referrals
- 3. Crown land referrals
- 4. Rezoning applications



Subdividing Land Outside a Municipality

- Approving Officer is appointed by provincial government (not RDOS);
- Applications are submitted to MoTI;
- Ministry staff refer the application to external agencies for comments;
 - > RDOS;
 - Irrigation District (e.g. KID);
 - Interior Health Authority.





MoTI Referrals (subdivision)

Subdivision Applications are assessed against applicable RDOS Bylaws:

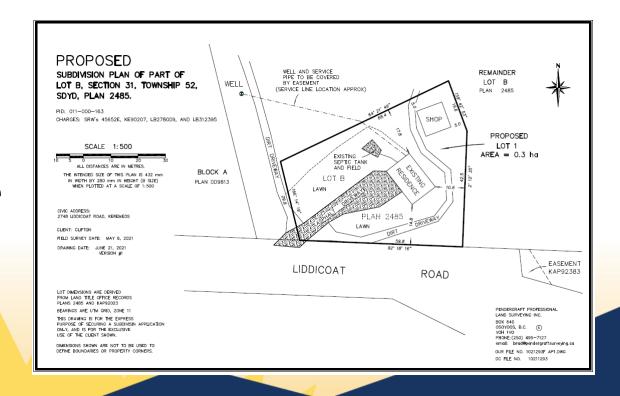
- Official Community Plan
 - development permits.
- Zoning Bylaw;
- Subdivision Servicing Bylaw;
- Development Cost Charges Bylaw; and
- Subdivision Parcel Frontage Exemption Bylaw.



MoTI Referrals (subdivision)

"Homesite Severance" (ALR) at Liddicoat Road

- Official Community Plan: N/A
- Zoning Bylaw: N/A
- Subdivision Servicing Bylaw:
 N/A (Homesite Severances are exempt from servicing req.'s).
- Development Cost Charges
 Bylaw: N/A





Development in the ALR

- Applications for subdivision or "nonfarm" uses in the ALR must be forwarded to the ALC, unless:
 - > the land is zoned to permit farming; or
 - an amendment to an OCP or zoning bylaw is required for the proposed development to proceed.
- This affords local governments a chance to review (i.e. "no surprises"!)





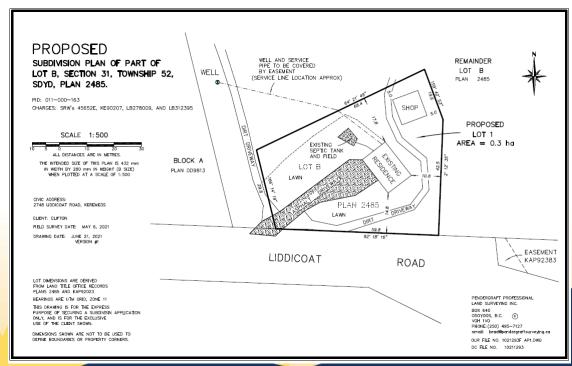
Development in the ALR

 In Electoral Area "G", all ALC applications are automatically forwarded to the Commission due to absence of land use bylaws.

Liddicoat Road Subdivision

- Official Community Plan: N/A
- Zoning Bylaw: N/A
- Subdivision Servicing Bylaw:
 Exempt*

* RDOS Board Policy





Development in the ALR





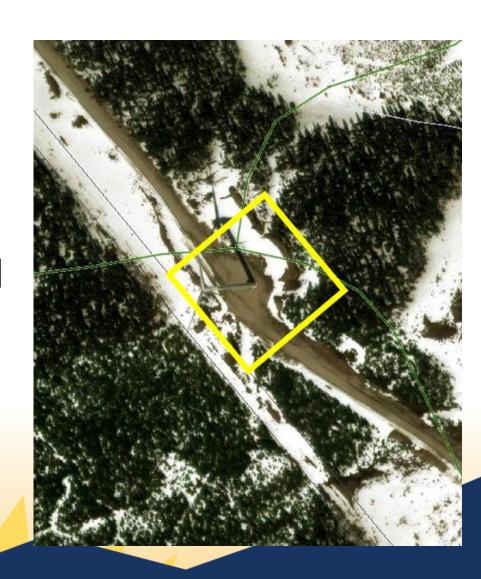
Applications to use Crown land

- Applications are submitted to FrontCounterBC;
- Province will refer the proposal to external agencies:
 - Regional District;
 - > First Nations;
 - > Irrigation/Improvement Districts.



Applications to use Crown land

- In 2013, a referral was received to use Crown land for the purposes of wind power generation (5 turbines).
- The sites were located within Electoral Areas "F", "G" & "H".
- In Areas "F" & "H", the Board had adopted a position of wanting to review new tower applications (DVP). This did not apply in Area "G".





Applications to use Crown land

The province will refer the proposal to external agencies:

- > Does this application impact your agency's legislated responsibilities?
- > If the proposal proceeds, will the proponent require approval or a permit from your agency?
- Will on-going compliance monitoring be required by your agency as a result of your legislated responsibilities?
- > Will this application affect public use of this area?
- > Is the application area zoned for the proposed purpose?



Applications to use Crown land

 Staff assessment of the wind turbine proposal was based on policy statements contained within the RGS Bylaw and applicable OPC Bylaws.

 This included support for projects that use water, wind, sunlight, biomass or geothermal energy to generate electricity for sale into the electrical transmission and distribution infrastructure.



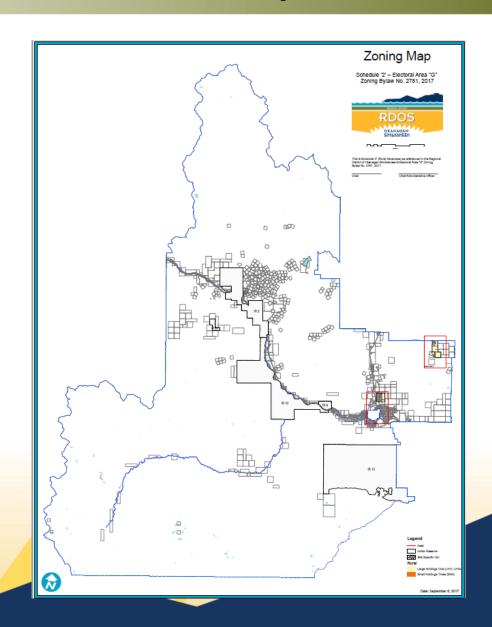
Applications to use Crown land

- Other previous Crown referrals have included:
 - Reopening of Hedley cemetery;
 - Fortis right-of-ways (power lines on Crown land);
 - Road access to "land-locked" parcels;
 - Water monitoring wells (Barrick Gold);
 - Renewing mineral leases;
 - > Telecommunication towers;
 - Crown grants (i.e. sale of Crown land).



Rezoning Applications

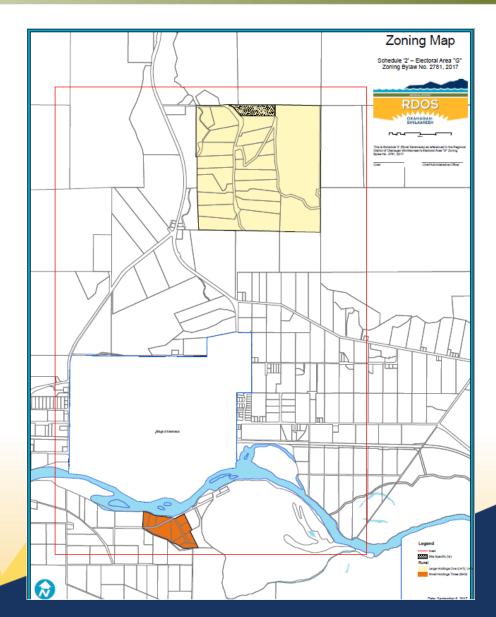
- Current Electoral Area "G" Zoning Bylaw applies to approx. 0.13% of electoral area.
- Rezoning applications are rare, but have occurred in the recent past.
- Decisions on rezonings are made by the Board (9 of 19 voting members).
- OCPs are an important tool when assessing rezoning applications.





Rezoning Applications

- In 2017, a rezoning application was received to allow for an accessory dwelling unit to be constructed on an approximately 4.1 ha parcel of land on Liddicoat Road.
- The zoning that applied to the property at that time required that a parcel be 8.0 ha in area to have an accessory dwelling.





Rezoning Applications

- Local resident concerns included water quality, road access and density.
- Absence of OCP meant there were no local policies that spoke to whether accessory dwellings were supported by the community (or not).
- Staff relied on Board policies applied in other Electoral Areas to inform recommendation on the rezoning.

